Surname	Centre Number	Candidate Number
First name(s)		0



GCSE

3110U20-1



TUESDAY, 7 JUNE 2022 - AFTERNOON

GEOGRAPHY

Unit 2: Environmental and Developmental Issues

1 hour 30 minutes

	For Examiner's use only				
		Maximum Mark	Mark Awarded		
	Question 1	28			
	Question 2	28			
	Writing accurately	3			
r	Question 3	24			
r	Question 4	24			
	Total	83			

either

or

ADDITIONAL MATERIALS

In addition to this paper you may use a calculator and a ruler if required.

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Do not use gel pen or correction fluid.

Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces at the top of this page.

Answer both questions in Section A.

Answer one question from Section B.

Write your answers in the spaces provided in this booklet.

Additional space is provided for some questions within the booklet (if required). If further space is required for any question, you should use the lined page(s) at the end of this booklet. The question number(s) should be clearly shown.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question.

Your ability to communicate and organise your ideas will be assessed in questions that are worth 6 or 8 marks. The accuracy of your writing will be assessed in your answer to question **2**(c).

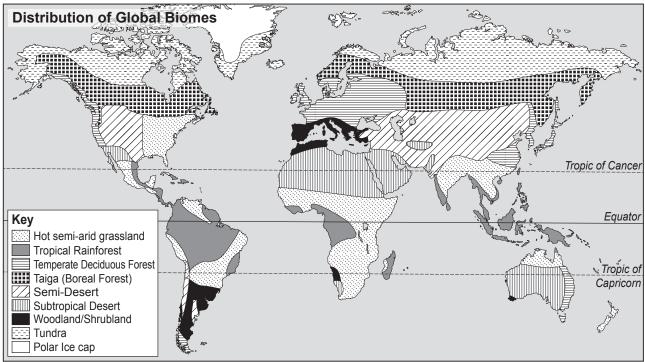


SECTION A - CORE THEMES

Answer all of the questions in this section.

THEME 5: Weather, Climate and Ecosystems

1. (a) Study the map below.



(i)	Define the term biome. Tick (✓) one box from the opt	ions below.	[1]
	The movement of nutrients within an environment		
	A large-scale ecosystem		
	A small-scale ecosystem		

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			••••
(i	iii)	Explain why tropical rainforests are found in these areas.	[4
(b) ((i)	Give two types of human activity that lead to deforestation in tropical rainfores:	ts. [2
		Activity 1 Activity 2	

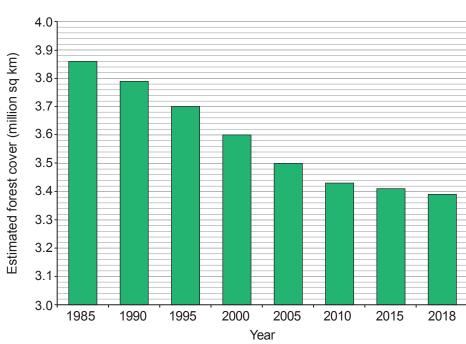


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Study the graph below.





(ii)	Describe the trend shown in the bar chart above. Use data in your answer.	[2]
•••••		



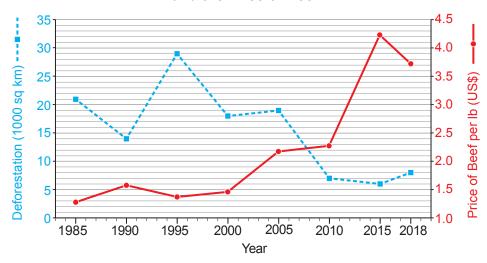
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(c) Study the graph below.

Deforestation in the Brazilian Amazon Rainforest and the Price of Beef



[4]	Draw conclusions from the graph above.				



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Study the image below.

(d) A small area of Amazon Rainforest cleared for small-scale food production.



Cassava crops planted

(i)	Suggest why the rainforest in this photograph is being cleared.	[3]
•••••		
(ii)	Mono-culture is a type of farming found in tropical rainforest areas.	
(,	Describe mono-culture.	[2]

(iii)	Give one reason why food production reduces biodiversity in tropical rainf	
		[2]
•••••		
•••••		



(iv) Study t	he resource below.			∏E>
Cha	allenges of Food Produc	tion in Tropical Rainfore	sts	
	Challe	enges		
7	7			
Habitat D	estruction	Soil Erd	osion V	
_arge-scale (regional)	Small-scale (local)	Large-scale (regional)	Small-scale (local)	
Food p rainfore	roduction at different scal est ecosystems. te these challenges.	es results in a number of c]
Food p rainfore	est ecosystems.		hallenges to tropical	·1
Food p rainfore	est ecosystems.		hallenges to tropical]]
Food p rainfore	est ecosystems.		hallenges to tropical	
Food p rainfore Evalua	est ecosystems. te these challenges.		hallenges to tropical [6]	
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Food p rainfore Evalua	est ecosystems. te these challenges.	es results in a number of c	hallenges to tropical [6]	



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Additio	onal space for 1 (d)(iv) only:		
	End of Que	estion 1	



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		THEME	6: Development and Resource Issues				
(a)	(i)	Identify the key to Put the correct le	erms for the following definitions using the etter next to the definition.	e table below. 			
			Differences in the wealth, standard of education and healthcare in countries across the world				
		The total value o owned by a cour	f money (including goods and services) itry				
		Letter	Term				
		A	National Wealth				
		В	Global Trade				
		С	Imports				
		D	Global Inequalities				
		E	Geo-Political Relationships				
	(ii)	Give one reason	why economic measures of developmen	nt have limitations. [
	••••						
	•••••						



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[2]

(b) Study the table below.

GNI = Gross National Income

Country	GNI per capita 2010	GNI per capita 2018	Percentage (%) increase or decrease	Type of country
UK	38540	42340		HIC
Denmark	58980	60190	2	HIC
Germany	43330	47180	9	HIC
Japan	42150	41340	-2	HIC
Netherlands	49720	51260	3	HIC
Botswana	6890	7750	12	LIC
Angola	3960	3370	– 15	LIC
Belize	3740	4720	26	LIC
Kenya	780	1620	108	LIC
Namibia	4650	5250	13	LIC

me Country
me Country

(i)	Calculate the percentage increase in GNI per capita for the UK. Show your
	working.

	Answer:	%
(ii)	Compare the patterns of GNI per capita between the HICs an	nd LICs in the table. [4]

•••••		
•••••		
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farmers invest in their businesses e.g. agricultural tools

 Ghana receives a large amount of aid. In 2017 they received US\$1.2 billion

	Tail Trade projects are the best may to help the development of 2.500.	
	To what extent do you agree with this statement?	[8]
	The accuracy of your writing will be assessed in your answer to this question.	[3]
•••••		
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•••••		

Fair Trade projects are the best way to help the development of LICs



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(i)	Describe how a negative multiplier affects a deprived region in the UK.	
(1)	2000 now a negative maniplier andots a deprived region in the Ort.	

•••••		
•••••		
***********		• •
(ii)	Explain why investment can create growth in deprived regions.	••
(11)	Explain with investment can create growth in deprived regions.	
**********		••
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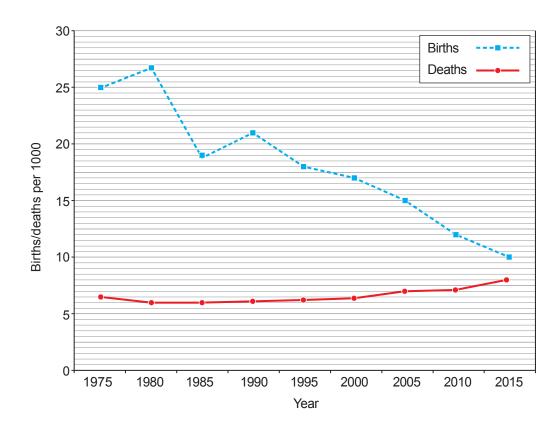
SECTION B - OPTIONS

Answer one question in this section, either Question 3 or Question 4.

THEME 7: Social Development Issues

3. (a) Study the graph below.

Birth and Death Rates for Mauritius (a LIC in sub-Saharan Africa)



(i) Tick (✓) **two** correct statements about the graph from the box below.

	Statement	Tick (✓)
А	The death rate was 6 per 1000 in 2000	
В	The birth rate has decreased over time	
С	Death rate has changed more quickly than birth rate	
D	The birth rate has increased over time	
E	The death rate was 6 per 1000 in 1985	



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[2]

(ii)	Give two social factors that influence death rates.	[2]
	Social factor 2	
(iii)	Suggest why the death rate shown in the graph opposite has changed.	[2]
(iv)	Explain why social factors can influence changing birth rates in sub-Saharan Africa.	[6]
•••••		• • • • • • • •





(b) Study the map below. HIV Rates in the KwaZulu-Natal Region of South Africa Percentage change between 2009 and 2013 **MOZAMBIQUE SWAZILAND MPUMALANGA** Pongola South Africa **FREE STATE** Richards Bay **LESOTHO** Indian Ocean Pietermaritzburg Durban % change in HIV rates 1.8 29.5 ● = larger urban areas 100 **EASTERN CAPE** km Describe the pattern of change in HIV rates shown on the map. [4]



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n Africa	dy the images below. Some methods of tackling HIV infections in sub-Saha
411	
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esting	edication to manage HIV HIV
[6	aluate strategies used to tackle HIV in sub-Saharan Africa.
esting	edication to manage HIV HIV



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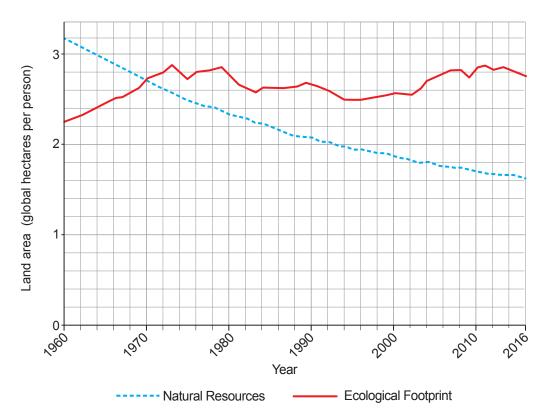


If you have answered Question 3 do not answer Question 4.

THEME 8: Environmental Challenges

4. (a) Study the graph below.

Global Ecological Footprint and Natural Resources



Natural resources – resources an ecosystem produces that can be used by people.

(i) Tick (/) **two** correct statements about the graph from the box below. [2]

	Statement	Tick (✓)
1.	The ecological footprint was 2.5 hectares per person in 2009	
2.	Natural resources have decreased over time	
3.	Hectares of natural resources and ecological footprint were equal in 1990	
4.	Natural resources have increased over time	
5.	The ecological footprint was 2.5 hectares per person in 1995	



Factor 2 (iv) Growing consumerism may lead to further environmental impacts. Explain why monitoring ecological footprints is important for future environmental planning.	[2]
Factor 2 (iv) Growing consumerism may lead to further environmental impacts. Explain why monitoring ecological footprints is important for future environmental planning.	
Factor 2 (iv) Growing consumerism may lead to further environmental impacts. Explain why monitoring ecological footprints is important for future environmental planning.	[4]
(iv) Growing consumerism may lead to further environmental impacts. Explain why monitoring ecological footprints is important for future environmenta planning.	
(iv) Growing consumerism may lead to further environmental impacts. Explain why monitoring ecological footprints is important for future environmenta planning.	
Explain why monitoring ecological footprints is important for future environmenta planning.	
Explain why monitoring ecological footprints is important for future environmenta planning. [Insert content of the content of	
	al [6]



(b)	Study the map below	v.	
	Are	eas at Risk of Desertification in Africa	
	}	30°N	
		20°N	
		10°N	
	Amount of risk	Equator	
	Amount of risk High Moderate	10°S	
	High Moderate Low		
	High Moderate		
	High Moderate Low Desert	10°S	
	High Moderate Low Desert No risk	10°S 20°S	



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Describe the pa	ttern of areas at risk of des	ertification in Africa as show	n on the map. [4]



(c) Study the images below.

Examiner only

International Strategies Tackling Climate Change





Climate Change Conference

Organised Climate Protests across global cities

Evaluate strategies used to tackle climate change at an international level.	[6]
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End of Question 4	······································
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